APPENDIX 4-A

Wastewater Capacity Management Plan Worksheet (Blank)

FLOW CALCULATION TABLES

Table I - Flow Projection Based Upon Gallons Per Person Per Day

Gallons Per Person Per Day (Unless Otherwise Noted) Type of Establishment Airports (per passenger)5 Apartments-multiple family (per resident)60 Bathhouses and swimming pools......10 Camps: Campground with central comfort stations......35 With flush toilets, no showers25 Day camps (no meals served)......15 Resort camps (night and day) with limited plumbing50 Luxury camps100 Cottages and small dwellings with seasonal occupancy......50 Country clubs (per resident member)......100 Country clubs (per non-resident member present)......25 Dwellings: Boarding houses......50 additional for non-resident boarders10 Multiple family dwellings (apartments)......60 Rooming houses......40 Single family dwellings......75-100 Factories (gallons per person, per shift, exclusive of industrial wastes)35 Hotels with private baths (2 persons per room)......60 Hotels without private baths50 Institutions other than hospitals (per bed space)......125 Laundries, self-service (gallons per wash, i.e., per customer)50 Motels (per bed space)40 Picnic Parks (toilet wastes only) (per picnicker)......5 Restaurants (per seat)25 Restaurants (toilet and kitchen wastes per patron)......10 Restaurants (kitchen wastes per meal served)3 Restaurants, additional for bars and cocktail lounges......2

Table I (Continued)

Gallons
Per Person Per Day
(Unless Otherwise Noted

	Per Person Per Day
Type of Establishment	(Unless Otherwise Noted)
Oakaala	
Schools:	100
Boarding Day, without gyms, cafeterias or showers	15
Day, with gyms, cafeterias and showers	25
Day, with cafeterias, but without gyms or showers	20
Service Stations (per vehicle served)	10
Swimming pools and bathhouses	10
Theaters:	,
Movie (per auditorium seat)	1
Drive-in (per car space)	
Travel Trailer Parks without individual water and sewer hook-ups (per space)	50
Travel Trailer Parks with individual water and	
sewer hook-ups (per space)	100
Workers:	
Construction (at semi-permanent camps)	50
Day, at schools and offices (per shift)	15

An alternative method used to project average daily flows generated from commercial establishments, public service buildings, or dwelling units can be figured on the basis of total floor area, number of building units, or service seats multiplied by a statistical factor. Guiding factors are given in Table II.

Table II - Guiding Factors for Flow Projection Related with Commercial Establishments, Public Service Buildings, or Dwelling Units

Office Buildings	Gross	Sa	Ft.	X	0.09	=	apd
Medical Office Buildings	Gross	Sa.	Ft.	X	0.62	=	apd
Warehouses							
Retail Stores	Gross	Sa.	Ft.	X	0.05	=	apd
Supermarkets	Gross	Sa.	Ft.	X	0.20	=	apd
Drug Stores	Gross	Sa.	Ft.	X	0.13	=	apd
Beauty Salons	Gross	Sq.	Ft.	X	0.35	=	apd
Barber Shops	Gross	Sa	Ft	X	0.20	=	apd
Department Store with Lunch Counter	Gross	Sa	Ft	X	0.08	=	apd
Department Store without Lunch Counter							
Banks	Gross	Sq.	Ft	X	0.04	=	and
Service Stations	Gross	Sq.	Ft	X	0.18	===	and
Laundries & Cleaners	Gross	Sq.	Ft	X	0.31	=	and
Laundromats							
Car Wash without Wastewater Recirculation Equipment							
Hotels	Gross	Sq.	Et.	^	0.25	=	and
Motels							
Dry Goods Stores							
Shopping Centers	Gross	5 q.	rl.	Х	0.18	-	gpa

Flow projection for country clubs or public parks may be made on the basis of plumbing fixtures.

The related statistical flow figures per unit of plumbing fixture are shown in Table III and Table IV.

Table III - Flow Projection for Country Clubs

	Gallons Per Day
Type of Fixture	Per Fixture
	500
Showers	
Baths	
Lavatories	
Toilets	
Urinals	100
Sinks	50

Table IV - Flow Projection for Public Parks (During hours when park is open)

	Gallons Per Day
Type of Fixture	Per Fixture
Flush toilets	35
Urinals	
Showers	100
Faucets	

Average Daily Flow

Average daily flow is the arithmetic sum of the average daily domestic flow plus the average daily commercial flow plus the average daily industrial flow plus any other average daily flow from the service area. The average daily commercial, industrial, and other flows shall be based on the period in which these flows are generated.

Peaking of Flows

Peak flow is the average daily domestic flow peaked in accordance with the curve entitled "Diagram for Converting Average Daily Domestic Flow to Peak Flow". (Page 1-7 of the *Design Guidelines for Sewerage Facilities*, Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, 1978).

Peak commercial or industrial flow is the average daily commercial or industrial flow peaked in accordance with a factor determined by evaluation of historical data for the commercial or industrial facilities and the periods in which these flows are generated.

The average daily domestic flow, average daily commercial flow, and average daily industrial flow may be peaked individually or combined and then peaked using the curve (Page 1-7 of the *Design Guidelines for Sewerage Facilities*) as dictated by the evaluation of the sources and periods in which the flows are generated.

Wherever forced flow applies, peak flow shall be equivalent to the pumping rate.

Infiltration and Inflow

For design purposes, the upper limit of allowable infiltration and inflow within the areas of the project is 400 gallons per acre per day (gpad). Additional allowance for infiltration and inflow may be made upon verification of evidence or approval of operation data.

Design Hydraulic Flow

Design Hydraulic Flow = Peak Flow + Peak Commercial Flow + Peak Industrial Flow + Infiltration and Inflow Allowance

EXAMPLE

Three-year Average Annual Allocations	s Issued for Customers Served
by the	Wastewater Treatment Plant

S-1 Service Area	2004	2005	2006	Three-year Average Annual Total
Within City				
Outside City				
Joint Service Area				

S-1 Service Area	WITHIN CITY		OUTSIDI CITY		JOINT SERVICI AREA	
	Gallons	% of	Gallons	% of	Gallons	% of
	(mgd)	Allocation	(mgd)	Allocation	(mgd)	Allocation
2004						
Residential						
Non-	*					
residential						
Total						
2005						
Residential						
Non-						
residential						
Total		Acceptance for the second seco				
2006						
Residential						
Non-						
residential						
Total						
2007						
Six-month						
Reporting						
Period						
Residential						
Non-						
residential						
Total						

EXAMPLE: MONITORING AND CONTROL OF SEWAGE FLOWS AND ALLOCATION APPROVALS REPRESENTING FUTURE FLOW

Facility:	Date:					
	Area A	Area B	Area C	Area D	Area E	
Plat Approvals						
Building Permits						
Available WWTP Capacity						
Additional Capacity in the County W/S Plan						
Total Capacity = AC + W/SPC						
Existing S-1 Flow						
Remaining Available For Plat Commitment = TC – EF gpd						
Record Plat Commitment MGD						
Record Plat Units (EDUs) gpcd						
Effective Record Plat Commitments = RPC/EDUs						
Net Capacity Available For						
Additional Plats = RAC - RPC			:4-22			
AC - Available Supurity	//SPC - Water/Se		nty			
TO Total orpins	F – Existing Flov					
RPC – Record Plat Commitment R.	AC - Remaining	Available Ca				

RPC - Record Plat Commitment

EXAMPLE

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY AVAILABLE CAPACITY REPORT

Name c	of Facility:	-
Date: _		_
Treatm	ent Plant Design Capacity (MGD):	-
Permitt	red Flow Capacity (MGD):	
Less Es	stimated I&I (MGD):	_
	Available Capacity: n millions of gallons per day (MGD)	_(1)
Less: P	lant's previous 3-year average flow in MGD (2004, 2005, 2006)	_
	Outstanding Service Commitments Current total properties of record)	_(2)
Availa	ble Capacity as of <u>January 1, 2007</u>	_ (3)
(1)	As determined by MDE January 1, 2003	
(2)	Based upon recording of final plat, 250 GPD per Single Family Home, 200 GPD for Senior Housing Dwelling, 1,000 GPD per Commercial lot, 5,000 GPD per Industrial lot.	
(3)	No more than% of this available capacity to be allocated to one applicant, property, subdivision, or project.	
(4)	Current Number of Vacant Residential Lots of Record	
(5)	Current Number of Vacant Commercial Lots	
(6)	Current Number of Vacant Industrial Lots	

EXAMPLE

ALLOCATION PROCEDURES

ONE TOWN'S RESIDENTIAL SANITARY SEWER TAP SYSTEM CONNECTION ALLOCATION PLAN

- 1. Sewer system connection (tap) permits can only be applied for by the property owner or with the written permission of the property owner.
- 2. This plan controls the issuing of new or additional residential taps and/or sanitary sewer system connections or the equivalent thereof as related to flow volumes and/or fixture chart count equivalents.
- 3. On September 1 (or any date set by the Mayor & Council) of each year, the Town staff will determine the total number of approved and/or buildable residential housing units/lots available for construction (this would be any unit or lot which has met all other requirements necessary to receive a zoning certificate). (150)
- 4. The total number of residential taps and/or sanitary sewer system connections or the equivalents thereof as outlined in item number 3 of this document will be twenty per year. (20)
- 5. An allocation 'tap/connection factor' will be determined as follows: Take the number of taps to be issued (20) and divide that number by the total number of approved/building residential housing units/lots as of September 1 (150) and the result (0.133333) is the 'tap/connection factor'.

$$20 \div 150 = 0.133333$$

6. Then multiply the 'tap/connection factor' by the total number of approved/buildable residential housing units/lots in any subdivision or approved plan to determine the number of taps available to that subdivision or project for that allocation year (if that product is 0.5 or greater it is rounded up, if the product is less than 0.5 it is rounded down).

46 lots/units
$$\times 0.133333 = 6.133$$

equals a tap and/or connection allocation number of six (6)

- 7. Residential taps and/or sanitary sewer system connections will be made available on September 15 of each year and those not purchased or reserved by November 15 will become available to other interested parties on December 1 on a first-come, first-served basis.
- 8. On multiple family projects such as condos, apartments, and town houses, the owner or owners can apply for their annual allocation of residential taps and/or sanitary sewer system connections and reserve (hold) same for up to three (3) years (after which the tap/connection becomes null and void and the deposit is forfeited) by paying a \$0,000.00 non-refundable deposit fee (per tap or equivalent thereof) thereby obtaining the number of taps necessary to construct a multi-unit building or project. Said deposit fee will be applied to the total tap and/or connection fee and/or associated costs when the tap or taps are issued.

These Allocation Procedures do not change or alter any other requirement or provision of the tap and/or sanitary sewer system connection process.

APPENDIX 4-B

Wastewater Demand Projections for Public Wastewater Treatment Plants

KENT COUNTY SEWAGE FLOW CAPACITY REPORT KENNEDYVILLE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

"	EPORTING:
1	Park Constitution of the C

First report due Jan. 31, 2008 for all calendar year 2007 to establish a current "base line" for WWTP's at or exceeding 75% of permitted capacity.
X WWTP under Consent Order with EPA/DOJ and/or MDE or NPDES Permit Renewal.
Date of this report: January 28, 2008
Municipal wastewater treatment plant name: Kennedyville Wastewater Treatment Plant
Permit issued to: Kent County Commissioners
County where plant is located: Kent
NPDES wastewater discharge permit number:MD0052671
State wastewater discharge permit number: 06-DP-1142
Facility address:11651 Kennedyville Road, Kennedyville, MD 21645
Name/title of individual completing form: Wayne L. Morris, Director
Name/title of position of person certifying this form: Wayne L. Morris, Director
Contact person's name and telephone number: Wayne L. Morris, Director, 410-778-3287
Mailing address if different from facility address: 709 Morgnec Road, Suite 201, Chestertown, Maryland 21620
QUESTIONS:
1. Rated/Design Flow: 0.060MGD and Current Permitted Flow: 0.060MGD
2. Annual average flow in MGD for each of the three (3) previous calendar years:
Year 05 Flow/MGD: NA Year 06 Flow/MGD: 0.017 Year 07 Flow/MGD: 0.023MGD Avg. 0.02 MGD
3. Estimated I and I Flow: 0.003MGD + 3 year. avg.0.02MGD - 0.060MGD permitted flow = 0.037MGD Gross available capacity
4. Gallons and EDUs used to determine the flow contribution for building permits issued per structure (250 gallons per EDU)

- 5. Number of <u>Allocations currently approved</u> but <u>not connected</u> + Flow: (residential) <u>24 6,000gpd</u>
- 6. Number of <u>residential lots</u> on <u>approved record plats</u> that have <u>not applied for building permits</u> and associated flow: <u>65</u> 16,250gpd

7.	Number of commercial lots on approve record plats that have <u>not applied for building permits</u> and associated flow: <u>none</u>
8.	Gross available capacity $0.037MGD$ — Approved allocation flow $0.006MGD$ — approved plat flow $0.01625MGD = 0.01475MGD$ reserve capacity
9.	Were there any effluent violations, overflows, bypasses, and causes reported to MDE (DMRs, Violation Notices, and 5-day Letters) associated with excessive flow at the WWTP and/or with the sewer system upgrades, expansions, or improvements decided on during this reporting period?(Y) <u>X_(N)</u>
10.	Are there any planned WWTPs or sewer system upgrades, expansions, or improvements decided on during this reporting period? $\underline{X}(N)$ Completion date $\underline{}$ Impact to flow and flow capacity
12.	Do flows from future connections and existing flow exceed determined flow? (Y) _X_(N)
13	Are there any moratoriums or limitations on new building permit approvals currently in place? (Y) X_(N) Date enacted: Expiration date:
14	. What is the "ultimate" flow capacity required if "build-out" of the town/city would occur based on the latest approved land use/zoning in the adopted master plan (as amended) for this reporting period? <u>Currently being updated</u>
<u>SI</u>	GNATURE:
	NGINEER, FACILITY MANAGER, DESIGNEE Title: Wayne L. Morris, Director Date:
PI	ERMITTEE:
F	ACILITY OWNER/OPERATOR
C	OUNTY/CITY (ELECTED OFFICIAL) Title: Roy W. Crow, President Date:

KENT COUNTY SEWAGE FLOW CAPACITY REPORT MILLINGTON WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

PEPORTING:
$\frac{y}{X}$ First report due Jan. 31, 2008 for all calendar year 2007 to establish a current "base line" for WWTP's at or exceeding 75% of permitted capacity.
WWTP under Consent Order with EPA/DOJ and/or MDE or NPDES Permit Renewal.
Date of this report: January 29, 2008
Municipal wastewater treatment plant name: Millington Wastewater Treatment Plant
Permit issued to:Town of Millington
County where plant is located: Kent
NPDES wastewater discharge permit number: MD0020435
State wastewater discharge permit number:00-DP-0166
Facility address: 151 Sassafras Street, Millington, MD 21651
Name/title of individual completing form: Wayne L.Morris
ame/title of position of person certifying this form: Wayne L. Morris, Director/Mayor Dennis Hager
Contact person's name and telephone number: Wayne L. Morris, Director, 410-778-3287/Mayor Hager, 410-92 3820
Mailing address if different from facility address: 709 Morgnec Road, Suite 201, Chestertown, Maryland 21620 Town of Millington, PO Box 330, Millington, MD 21651
QUESTIONS:
1. Rated/Design Flow: <u>0.145MGD</u> and Current Permitted Flow: <u>0.105MGD</u>
2. Annual average flow in MGD for each of the three (3) complete previous calendar years:
05 Flow/MGD: <u>0.057MGD</u> 06 Flow/MGD: <u>0.054MGD</u> 07 Flow/MGD: <u>0.055MGD</u> 3-year Avg. <u>055</u> MGD
3. Estimated I and I Flow <u>0.006MGD</u> + 3 year avg 0.055MGD - 0.105MGD permitted flow = 0.044MGD Gross available capacity.
 Gallons and EDUs used to determine the flow contribution for building permits issued per structure (25 gallons per EDU)
5. Number of Allocations currently approved but not connected + Flow: (residential)_ 40 - 10,000gpd

6.	flow: 65 – 16,250gpd				
	Number of commercial lots on approve record plats that have not applied for building permits and associated flow:				
8.	Gross available capacity $0.044MGD$ - Approved Allocation flow $0.010MGD$ - approved plat flow $0.01625 = 0.01775$ reserve capacity				
9.	Were there any effluent violations, overflows, bypasses, and causes reported to MDE (DMRs, Violation Notices, and 5-day Letters) associated with excessive flow at the WWTP and/or with the sewer system upgrades, expansions, or improvements decided on during this reporting period?(Y) _X(N)				
10.	Are there any planned WWTPs or sewer system upgrades, expansions, or improvements decided on during this reporting period?(Y)(N) Completion date Impact to flow and flow capacity				
12	Do flows from future connections and existing flow exceed determined flow? (Y) X (N)				
13. Are there any moratoriums or limitations on new building permit approvals currently in place? (Y)X_(N) Date enacted:Expiration date:					
14. What is the "ultimate" flow capacity required if "build-out" of the town/city would occur based on the latest approved land use/zoning in the adopted master plan (as amended) for this reporting period?					
SI	GNATURE:				
	r DESIGNEE Title: Wayne L. Morris, Director Date:				
P	ERMITTEE:				
F	ACILITY OWNER/OPERATOR				
C	OUNTY/CITY (ELECTED OFFICIAL) Title: _R. Dennis Hager, Mayor Date:				

KENT COUNTY SEWAGE FLOW CAPACITY REPORT WORTON WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

BE	PO	RT	IN	G:
				· CARLO

X First report due Jan. 31, 2008 for all calendar year 2007 to establish a current "base line" for WWTP's at or
exceeding 75% of permitted capacity.
WWTP under Consent Order with EPA/DOJ and/or MDE or NPDES Permit Renewal.
Date of this report: January 31, 2008
Municipal wastewater treatment plant name: Worton Wastewater Treatment Plant
Permit issued to:Kent County Commissioners
County where plant is located: Kent
NPDES wastewater discharge permit number: <u>MD0060585</u>
State wastewater discharge permit number: 00-DP-2109
Facility address: 25310 Chinquapin Road, Worton, MD 21678
Name/title of individual completing form: Wayne L. Morris
Name/title of position of person certifying this form: Wayne L. Morris, Director
Contact preson's name and telephone number: Wayne L. Morris, Director, 410-778-3287
Mailing address if different from facility address: 709 Morgnec Road, Suite 201, Chestertown, Maryland 21620
QUESTIONS:
1. Rated/Design Flow: <u>0.15 MGD</u> and Current Permitted Flow: <u>0.15MGD/6 months November - April</u>
2. Acreal average flow in MGD for each of the three (3) complete previous calendar years:

Year 05 Flow/MGD: <u>0.116MGD</u> Year 06 Flow/MGD: <u>0.080MGD</u> Year 07 Flow/MGD: <u>0.103MGD</u> 3-year Avg. <u>0.0997MGD</u>

- 3. Estimated I and I Flow: <u>0.027MGD</u> + 3 year avg. <u>0.0997MGD</u> <u>0.150MGD</u> permitted flow = 0.0233MGD Gross available capacity
- 4. Gallons and EDUs used to determine the flow contribution for building permits issued per structure (250 gallons per EDU)
- 5. Number of Allocations currently approved but not connected + Flow: (residential) 51 0.01275MGD
- 6. Number of <u>residential lots</u> on <u>approved record plats</u> that have <u>not applied for building permits</u> and associated flow: None

	7. Number of commercial lots on approve record plats that have not applied for build flow: None	ing permits and associated		
8.	8. Gross available capacity <u>0.0233MGD</u> - approved allocation flow <u>0.01275MGD</u> 0.01055MGD reserve capacity	approved plat flow <u>0</u> =		
9.	9. Were there any effluent violations, overflows, bypasses, and causes reported to M Notices, and 5-day Letters) associated with excessive flow at the WWTP and/or w upgrades, expansions, or improvements decided on during this reporting period?	ith the sewer system		
10.	10. Are there any planned WWTPs or sewer system upgrades, expansions, or improve this reporting period? X(Y) (N) Completion date: <u>Fall 2009</u> Impact to flow increase to 0.25MGD			
12.	12. Do flows from future connections and existing flow exceed determined flow?(Y) X(N)			
13. Are they are moratoriums or limitations on new building permit approvals currently in place? X (Y) (N) Date enacted: September 19, 2005 Expiration date: When new plant is under constr.				
14	14. What is the "ultimate" flow capacity required if "build-out" of the town/city woul approved land use/zoning in the adopted master plan (as amended) for this reporting update.			
SI	SIGNATURE:			
	ENGINEER, FACILITY MANAGER, Or DESIGNEE Title: Wayne L. Morris, Dir Date:			
PI	PERMITTEE:			
F	FACILITY OWNER/OPERATOR			
C	COUNTY/CITY (ELECTED OFFICIAL) Title:Roy W. Crow, President Date:			

KENT COUNTY SEWAGE FLOW CAPACITY REPORT TOLCHESTER WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

PEPORTING	J:
-----------	----

flow: none

riest report due Jan. 31, 2008 for all calendar year 2007 to establish a current "base line" for WWTP's at or exceeding 75% of permitted capacity.
WWTP under Consent Order with EPA/DOJ and/or MDE or NPDES Permit Renewal.
Date of this report: February 7, 2008
Municipal wastewater treatment plant name: <u>Tolchester Wastewater Treatment Plant</u>
Permit issued to: Kent County Commissioners
County where plant is located: <u>Kent</u>
NPDES wastewater discharge permit number: <u>MD0067202</u>
State wastewater discharge permit number:06-DP-3105
Facility address: 22010 Bay Shore Road, Rock Hall, MD 21661
Name/title of individual completing form: Wayne L. Morris, Director
'ame/title of position of person certifying this form: Wayne L. Morris, Director
Contact person's name and telephone number: Wayne L. Morris, Director, 410-778-3287
Mailing address if different from facility address: 709 Morgnec Road, Suite 201, Chestertown, Maryland 21620
QUESTIONS:
1. Rated/Design Flow: <u>0.265MGD</u> and Current Permitted Flow: <u>0.265MGD</u>
2. Annual average flow in MGD for each of the three (3) complete previous calendar years:
05 Flow/MGD: <u>0.092MGD</u> 06 Flow/MGD: <u>0.099MGD</u> 07 Flow/MGD: <u>0.092MGD</u> 3-year Avg. <u>0.094</u> MGD
3. Estimated I and I Flow: <u>0.011 MGD</u> + annual avg. <u>0.094 MGD</u> – 0.265 MGD permitted flow = <u>0.16 MG</u> Gross available capacity
 Gallons and EDUs used to determine the flow contribution for building permits issued per structure (250 gallons per EDU)
5. Number of Allocations currently approved but not connected + Flow: (residential) 56 – 0.014MGD

6. Number of residential lots on approved record plats that have not applied for building permits and associated

7.	Number of commercial lots on approve record plats that have not applied for building permits and associated flow: none
8.	Gross available capacity 0.16MGD – approved allocation flow 0.014MGD – approved plat flow 0 = 0.146MGD reserve capacity
9.	Were there any effluent violations, overflows, bypasses, and causes reported to MDE (DMRs, Violation Notices, and 5-day Letters) associated with excessive flow at the WWTP and/or with the sewer system upgrades, expansions, or improvements decided on during this reporting period?(Y) _X_(N)
10	Are there any planned WWTPs or sewer system upgrades, expansions, or improvements decided on during this reporting period?(Y) _X_(N) Completion date Impact to flow and flow capacity MGD
12	. Do flows from future connections and existing flow exceed determined flow?(Y)X(N)
13	Are they are moratoriums or limitations on new building permit approvals currently in place? (Y) _X_ (N) Date enacted: Expiration date:
14	. What is the "ultimate" flow capacity required if "build-out" of the town/city would occur based on the latest approved land use/zoning in the adopted master plan (as amended) for this reporting period? <u>currently undereview</u>
SI	GNATURE:
	NGINEER, FACILITY MANAGER, DESIGNEE Title: _Wayne L. Morris, Director Date:
P	ERMITTEE:
F	ACILITY OWNER/OPERATOR
С	OUNTY/CITY (ELECTED OFFICIAL) Title: Roy W. Crow, President Date:

APPENDIX 4-C

Sewerage Treatment Plant Summary Tables

APPENDIX 4-C: WASTEWATER PLANT SUMMARY TABLES

Table 4.5.1 CHESTERTOWN WASTEWATER PLANT

25792 John Hanson Road, Chestertown, MD 21620

A. Technology

1. Oxidation Wave Aeration Technology (2008)

B. Treatment Process

- 1. Two Oxidation Wave Aeration Systems
- 2. Screening
- 3. Grit Removal
- 4. Clarifiers
- 5. De-Nitrification Filters

- 6. Liquid Chlorination and De-Chlorination
- 7. Previously: Chlorination,
 Dechlorination, Gravity Aeration

C. <u>Design & Production Flows</u>

Design Capacity 1,500,000 GPD Average Daily Flow (3 year average 2005-2007) 706,000 Gallons

D. Permits

- 1. NPDES Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: MD0020010
- 2. State Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: 00-DP-0592
- 3. Effective Permit Date: July 1, 2003
- 4. Permit Expiration Date: June 30, 2008
- 5. Rated Design Flow: 1,500,000 GPD
- 6. Permitted Flow: 900,000 GPD

E. Discharge

- 1. Chester River
 - a. Protected for shellfish harvesting
- 2. Middle Chester Watershed

- 3. Tributary Strategy Nitrogen Limit: 18,273 LB/YR
- 4. Tributary Strategy Phosphorus Limit: 1.371 LB/YR

- 1. Chestertown
- 2. Areas outside town limits along Md. Rtes 291 and 289, and the Quaker Neck service area are owned and operated by Kent County.
- 3. No. of connections: 2,4190,
 - a. Chestertown town limits: 2,300
 - b. Quaker Neck service area: 190
- 4. Approximately 5000 persons served

Table 4.5.2 ROCK HALL WASTEWATER PLANT

North Main Street and Anderson Avenue, Rock Hall, MD 21661

A. Technology

Traditional Wastewater Treatment Technology

B. Treatment Process

- 1. Screening
- 2. Grit removal system
- 3. Oxidation ditch treatment
- 4. Chemical addition for phosphorus removal
- 5. Three (3) clarifications
- 6. Sedimentation tanks
- 7. Effluent filtration
- 8. Ultra violet disinfection
- 9. Effluent pumping to a new discharge point in Gray's Inn Creek (a tributary to the Chester River)
- 10. Abandoned lagoon is utilized as a shellfish holding pond

C. Design & Production Flows

Design Capacity – annual average daily flow	510,000	GPD
Design Capacity – maximum wet weather monthly flow	590,000	GPD
Average Daily Flow	220,000	Gallons

D. Permits

- 1. NPDES Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: MD0020303
- 2. State Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: 00-DP-0575
- 3. Effective Permit Date: November 1, 2003
- 4. Permit Expiration Date: October 31, 2008
- 5. Rated Design Flow: 510,000 GPD
- 6. Permitted Annual Average Daily Flow: 505,000 GPD

E. Discharge

- 1. Grays Inn Creek
 - a. Designated Use II waters protected for shellfish harvesting
- 2. Lower Chester Watershed
- 3. Tributary Strategy Nitrogen Limit: 6,152 LB/YR
- 4. Tributary Strategy Phosphorus Limit: 461 LB/YR

Service Area	Connections	Approximate No.
Service Area	(EDUs)	of Persons Served
Town of Rock Hall (within town limits)	1,100	2,700
Green Lane/Spring Cove	132	330
Allen's Lane	40	100
Piney Neck / Skinners Neck / Wesley Chapel	400	1,000
Edesville	98	245

Table 4.5.3 GALENA WASTEWATER PLANT

MD.RTE.213 & 290 S.W., Galena, MD 21635

A. Technology

Lagoon System

B. Treatment Process

- 1. 1.7 acre Stabilization Lagoon
- 2. Chlorination

C. <u>Design & Production Flows</u>

Design Capacity 80,000 GPD Average Daily Flow 38,000 Gallons

D. Permits

1. NPDES Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: MD0020605

2. State Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: 00-DP-0528

3. Effective Permit Date: January 1, 2004

4. Permit Expiration Date: December 31, 2008

5. Rated Design Flow: 80,000 GPD

6. Permitted Flow: 60,000 GPD

E. Discharge

1. Dyer Creek

a. Designated Use I waters protected for water contact recreation and aquatic life

- 2. Sassafras Watershed
- 3. Tributary Strategy Nitrogen Limit: 1,538 LB/YR
- 4. Tributary Strategy Phosphorus Limit: 256 LB/YR

- 1. Galena and area outside the town limits on Mill Lane
- 2. No. of connections: 306
- 3. Approximately 550 persons served

Table 4.5.4 BETTERTON WASTEWATER PLANT

28 Third Avenue, Betterton, MD 21610

A. Technology

1. Contact Stabilization Technology (1969)

B. Treatment Process

- 1. Contact Stabilization
- 2. Secondary Treatment
- 3. Flushing Pump (2001) to deliver
 - a. Chlorine solution for disinfection
 - b. Sulfur dioxide for dechlorination
- 4. Equalization Basins
- 5. Aeration System

C. Design & Production Flows

Design Capacity 200,000 GPD Average Daily Flow 12,000 Gallons

D. Permits

1. NPDES Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: MD0020575

2. State Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: 00-DP-0591

3. Effective Permit Date: January 1, 2003

4. Permit Expiration Date: December 31, 2007

5. Rated Design Flow: 200,000 GPD

6. Permitted Flow: 60,000 GPD

E. Discharge

- 1. Sassafras River
 - a. Designated as Use II (shellfish harvesting) waters- protected as actual or potential areas for the harvesting of oysters, soft shell clams, hard shell clams, and brackish water clams
- 2. Sassafras Watershed
- 3. Tributary Strategy Nitrogen Limit: 1,224 LB/YR
- 4. Tributary Strategy Phosphorus Limit: 204 LB/YR

F. Service

- 1. Betterton
- 2. No. of connections: 306
- 3. Approximately 500 persons served

G. Collection System

1. 3.7 miles of 4 to 8 inch diameter gravity sewer, 0.77 miles of 2 inch to 6 inch diameter force main and 5 pump stations

Table 4.5.5 MILLINGTON WASTEWATER PLANT

151 Sassafras Street, Millington, MD 21651

A. Technology

1. SBR/Biolac Treatment Technology (2004)

B. Treatment Process

- 1. Aerobic Digester
- 2. Spiral Screen Unit
- 3. 3 SBR treatment units
- 4. Clarification Basin
- 5. Tertiary Fabric Disk Filters
- 6. UV Disinfection Units
- 7. Post Aeration Water Basin
- 8. Aerobic Digester Basin
- 9. Sludge Drying Beds

C. <u>Design & Production Flows</u>

Design Capacity	145,000	GPD
Average Daily Flow	55,000	Gallons
Estimated I & I	6,000	Gallons
Available Daily Flow	86,000	Gallons

D. Permits

- 1. NPDES Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: MD0020435
- 2. State Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: 00-DP-0166
- 3. Effective Permit Date: April 1, 2003
- 4. Permit Expiration Date: March 31, 2008
- 5. Rated Design Flow: 145,000 GPD
- 6. Permitted Flow: 105,000 GPD

E. Discharge

- 1. Chester River
 - a. Designated as Use I water and is protected for water contact recreation and aquatic life
- 2. Upper Chester Watershed
- 3. Tributary Strategy Nitrogen Limit: 3,342 LB/YR
- 4. Tributary Strategy Phosphorus Limit: 457 LB/YR

- 1. Millington, West Millington, Sandfield, Millington Elementary School, Howard Johnson's Restaurant located on U.S. Rt. 301.
- 2. No. of connections: 385
- 3. Approximately 920 persons served

Table 4.5.6 KENNEDYVILLE WASTEWATER PLANT

MD Route 448 South (Kennedyville Road) Kennedyville, Kent County, Maryland 21645

A. Technology

1. SBR/AQUA AEROBICs

B. Treatment Process

- 1. Influent Screen
- 2. Wet Well
- 3. 2 SBR treatment units
- 4. Equalization Basin
- 5. Aqua Mini Disk Tertiary Package Filters
- 6. UV Disinfection
- 7. Non-Potable Water Basin
- 8. Aerobic Digester Basin
- 9. Post Aeration Basin

C. <u>Design & Production Flows</u>

Design Capacity	60,000	GPD
Average Daily Flow (2005-2007)	20,000	Gallons
Estimated I & I	3,000	Gallons
Available Daily Flow	37,000	Gallons

D. Permits

- 1. NPDES Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: MD0052671
- 2. State Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: 06-DP-1142
- 3. Effective Permit Date: July 1, 2006
- 4. Permit Expiration Date: June 30, 2011
- 5. Rated Design Flow: 60,000 GPD
- 6. Current Permitted Flow: 30,000 GPD

E. Discharge

- 1. Morgan Creek
 - a. Protected for water contact recreation and aquatic life
- 2. Middle Chester Watershed
- 3. Tributary Strategy Nitrogen Limit: 1,425 LB/YR
- 4. Tributary Strategy Phosphorus Limit: 237 LB/YR

F. Service

- 1. Kennedyville
- 2. No. of connections: 120
- 3. Approximately 300 persons served

G. Collection System

1. Gravity system, with three submersible pump stations.

Table 4.5.7 WORTON/BUTLERTOWN WASTEWATER PLANT

Chinquapin Road, Worton, MD 21678

A. Technology

1. Lagoon System

B. Treatment Process

- 1. Influent Screen
- 2. Wet Well
- 3. 4 Lagoon Treatment Units
 - a. Treatment is provided by a three-cell stabilization lagoon with chlorination and dechlorination prior to discharge into Morgan Creek.
 - b. A fourth cell is used for septage disposal and marine pump out disposal.
- 4. Disinfection

C. Design & Production Flows

Design Capacity	150,000	GPD
Average Daily Flow	99,000	Gallons
Estimated I & I	27,000	Gallons
Available Daily Flow	23,000	Gallons

D. Permits

- 1. NPDES Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: MD0020585
- 2. State Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: 00-DP-2109
- 3. Effective Permit Date: July 1, 2008
- 4. Permit Expiration Date: June 30, 2013
- 5. Rated Design Flow: 150,000 GPD
- 6. Permitted Flow: 150,000 GPD

E. Discharge

- 1. Discharges to:
 - a. A tributary of Morgan Creek (restricted to November 1st through April 30th), which is designated as Use-I water and is protected for water contact recreation and aquatic life.
 - b. Groundwater of the State through spray irrigation
- 2. The 2008-2013 permits facility a discharge of 75,000 gpd
- 3. Middle Chester Watershed
- 4. Tributary Strategy Nitrogen Limit: 3,631 LB/YR
- 5. Tributary Strategy Phosphorus Limit: 605 LB/YR

F. Service

- 1. Worton and Butlertown.
- 2. No. of connections: 305
- 3. Approximately 1,065 persons served

G. Collection System

1. Gravity collection system, with 4 pump stations.

Table 4.5.8 TOLCHESTER WASTEWATER PLANT

22010 Bay Shore Road, Chestertown, MD 21620

A. Technology

1. SBR/Jet Technology

B. Treatment Process

- 1. Rotating Drum Screen
- 2. 3 SBR treatment units
- 3. Equalization Basin
- 4. 2 ~ Tertiary Fabric Disk Filters
- 5. 2 ~ UV Disinfection Units

- 6. Post Aeration Water Basin
- 7. Flow Meter
- 8. Outfall Pump Station
- 9. Aerobic Sludge Digester Basin
- 10. Sludge Drying Beds

C. <u>Design & Production Flows</u>

Design Capacity	265,000	GPD
Average Daily Flow (2005-2007)	94,000	Gallons
Estimated I & I	11,000	Gallons
Available Daily Flow	160,000	Gallons

D. Permits

- 1. NPDES Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: MD0067202
- 2. State Wastewater Discharge Permit No.: 00-DP-3105
- 3. Effective Permit Date: April 1, 2008
- 4. Permit Expiration Date: March 31, 2013
- 5. Rated Design Flow: 265,000 GPD
- 6. Permitted Flow: 265,000 GPD

E. Discharge

- 1. Chesapeake Bay
- 2. Chesapeake Bay Watershed
- 3. Tributary Strategy Nitrogen Limit: 5,584 LB/YR
- 4. Tributary Strategy Phosphorus Limit: 931 LB/YR

F. Service

Service Area	Flow	Connections	Approximate No. of
	(GPD)	(EDUs)	Persons Served
Tolchester Estates		279	698
Fairlee/Georgetown		308	1050
Total	94,000	587	1748

G. Collection System

1. Approximately 41,000 feet of low pressure force main, 24,000 feet of force main, 12,000 feet of outfall pipeline, 2 main pump stations and over 200 individual grinder pumps.

APPENDIX 4-D

Worton Upgrade Information

C1060025 Worton WWTP Upgrade and ELAS

The Upgraded Worton WWTP is a 250,000 gallons per day (GPD) Enhanced Nutrient Removal (ENR) membrane bioreactor (MBR) that also treats 7,000 GPD of septage. The project is designed to be easily upgraded to 500,000 GPD. All influent passes through a CMU screen building with a 2-mm automatic screen. The design includes a 741 GPM submersible VFD drain/influent pump station which takes the onsite drains and the influent domestic wastewater and pumps them through a flow meter and into the influent channel of the two process tanks. The influent channel is provided with slide gates which allow isolation of each of the process tanks. Each of the two process tanks are approximately 122,000 gallons and have three zones of treatment. The first zone is a preanoxic zone provided with a 4,010 GPM mixer. The second zone is an aeration zone with fixed fine bubble diffusers at the tank floor and a 450 GPM VFD nitrate recycle pump near the end of the aeration zone which takes nitrate rich water back to the influent channel. The final zone is a post anoxic zone provided with a 4,010 GPM mixer and scum pipes for scum removal.

The process tank effluent flows by gravity to a concrete membrane tank in the pre-engineered metal operations building with a metal roof. The membrane tank is divided in half with each side housing a cassette of membranes. The membrane tank also holds RAS pumps which pump concentrated mixed liquor back to the beginning of the aeration zone in each process tank. A permeate pump skid near the membrane tank draws treated water through the membranes and pumps it up to the second level of the operations building for UV disinfection at a maximum rate of 350 GPM. The open channel type UV disinfection equipment is designed to provide less than 3 MPN fecal coliforms. Disinfected UV effluent flows by gravity to a manual splitter box which splits flow between the surface water outfall and onsite storage lagoons. Effluent intended for the surface water outfall passes through a post-aeration basin prior to discharge. Effluent in the storage lagoons is pumped to a sprayfield site via a 690 GPM submersible pump station with a 12,000 foot long 10-inch force main.

Septage passes through an existing ¼-inch automatic screen before entering the aerobic digester. The 200,000 gallon digester has the capability to be operated as two equal sized tanks or one large tank. Septage flow can be diverted to one or both of the digester basins as can air and waste sludge from the process tanks. The aerobic digester is sized to provide air for digestion of waste sludge from the process tank as well as enough air to decrease the BOD in the septage by one-half. Supernatant from the digester is pumped to the fine screen prior to the process tank. Solids from the digester are pumped via a 110 GPM VFD solids handling pump to the 650 dry pounds per hour dewatering equipment in the operations building.

The design includes a 62'x 64' pre-engineered metal operations building which houses a chemical area (nutrient addition, ferric chloride, caustic potash, sodium hypochlorite, and citric acid), dewatering room, blower room, restroom, storage room, lab/office, electrical room, UV room, and a large open area for the membrane tank and permeate skid. The operations building is provided with a bridge trolley system which allows movement of large equipment. The operations building has a second level mezzanine which contains the electrical room, lab/office, and UV disinfection.

The treatment plant is designed based on the following influent design criteria which is a weighted average between the septage after digester treatment and domestic wastewater: 429 mg/L BOD, 263 mg/L TSS, 52 mg/L TKN, 11.8 mg/L phosphorus, and 34 mg/L NH3-N. The design effluent is: 5 mg/L BOD, 5 mg/L TSS, 4.8 mg/L TN, 0.3 mg/L phosphorus, 1 mg/L NH3-N, and 3 fecal coliforms.

The treated wastewater is pumped to a land application site that includes a 2 million gallon buffer lagoon, a 2,200 GPM vertical turbine pump station that pressurizes a network of piping connecting five (5) center pivot irrigation units. The land application area is approximately 38 acres.

The design keeps the existing lagoon treatment system in operation during the entire upgrade.

Cost: \$11.0 million

APPENDIX 4-E

Tolchester Service Area Map

KENT COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICES

709 MORGNEC ROAD, STE.201 CHESTERTOWN, MD 21620 PHONE 410-778-3287 FAX 410-778-7487

WAYNE L. MORRIS DIRECTOR wmorris @kentgov.org KARI H. WIED, P.E. Directy Director kweeds kenigovorg

February 10, 2009

Mr. Larry Folgelson Maryland Department of Planning 301 West Preston St., Suite 1101 Baltimore, MD 21201-2305

RE: TOLCHESTER ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGE TO THE KENT COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

Dear Mr. Folgelson:

Please find enclosed a letter dated February 2, 2009 to Mr. Ray Anderson of the Maryland Department of the Environment, a map depicting the TDDA contiguous properties and page 15 of the Water and Sewerage plan modified in red letters as described in the above mentioned letter. Please use this information for your records and files associated with this minor administrative change.

We received an email from Ray notifying us that the letter and map outlining the minor adjustment was approved and we could proceed with allowing the three properties if correct. Should you have any questions please call the office at 410-778-3287.

Sincerely,

Wayne L. Morris

Director

WLM/tm

enclosures

cc: Mr. Ray E. Anderson, Sr. P.E. Karl Weed

KENT COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICES

CHARLES TO THE STATE OF T

Maria de Alberto Ambre de Alberto A to H William The Annual Managana

February 2, 2009

Mr. Ray E. Anderson, Sr. P.E. Maryland Department of the Environment 1800 Washington Blvd. Baltimore, MD 21230

Dear Mr. Anderson;

This letter is being prepared to clarify the Kent County Commissioners intent and to provide a minor adjustment to the April 1, 2008 amendment to the Tolchester Service Area of the Kent County Water and Sewerage Comprehensive Plan. In response to the residents request for additional sewer allocations and the Commissioners desire to maximize the system capacity and potentially help keep user fees at a minimum, the last line of the final paragraph will read. .within "and/or contiguous to the".

This minor change will enable individuals on the fringe of the TDDA which meet all other criteria to help maximize the system capacity and potentially lower county costs associated with running the system. The TDDA was established as a tool to prioritize growth and now is being slightly expanded to maximize system capacity in an orderly fashion. Many areas located within the TDDA will never be able to have sewage service due to the capacity of the sewer lines in these areas. Currently there are three properties which are located on Texas Avenue (Fernwalt). Kansas Avenue (Grussin), and Oak Street (Barnhardt) that are being evaluated based on system capacity.

We hope that this letter will provide you with the information required to implement this administrative change to the Kent County Water and Sewage Comprehensive Plan

Sincerely

Wayne L. Morris

Director

cc: Karl H. Weed



4,2,2,8 TOLCHESTER SERVICE AREA

The Kent County Sanitary District completed construction of the Tolchester wastewater collection and treatment system in 1996. The collection system consists of approximately 41,000 feet of low pressure force main, 24,000 feet of force main, 12,000 feet of outfall pipeline. 2 main pump stations and over 200 individual grinder pumps.

The Tolchester treatment facility is a sequencing batch reactor (SBR) plant with ultraviolet disinfection, post aeration and aerobic sludge digester. The facility has a total design flow of 265,000 gpd. The system serves the Tolchester collection system (85,000 gpd) and the Fairlee/Georgetown collection system (180,000 gpd). This system is now maintained and operated by the Kent County Department of Water & Wastewater Services.

A request to increase the original growth allocation of 40 EDUs to 50 EDUs has been approved by MDE and the county.

After requests for additional sewer allocations, the county engaged McCrone, Inc. to conduct a hydraulic study of the collection system. The study determined additional allocations were allowable in certain areas. In March of 2008, the County, with the concurrence of MDE, decided that additional sewer allocations could be granted for the Tolchester service area provided that (1) the owner(s) of the property seeking such allocation established through the McCrone study, or through another hydraulic study performed at the owner's expense and accepted by the county, that the county's existing sewer lines would not need to be extended; and no upgrades to the county's sewer system, including but not limited to the sewer lines, would be needed or necessary; and (2) the property must otherwise meet all applicable laws, regulations and criteria including being located within and/or contiguous to the designated growth area shown on the Tolchester Delineated Development Area Map.

APPENDIX 4-F

Edesville Service Area Details

RESOLUTION

AMENDMENT TO THE COMPREHENSIVE WATER AND SEWERAGE PLAN

EDESVILLE SERVICE AREA

The County Commissioners of Kent County, Maryland hereby amend the Comprehensive Water and Sewerage Plan to include the proposed extension of the existing water and sewer lines from the end of the existing service area on Lover's Lane to serve 11 properties approximately 0.5 miles along Lover's Lane in the Fifth Election District. The County Commissioners propose to extend the existing water and sewer lines to serve 11 lots which have been declared to have/had failing septic systems. Notwithstanding the policy on denied access lines in section I.9 of this plan, access will be granted only for parcels #21, #22, #41, #50, #51, #52, #53, #57, #100, #136, #154 and is denied to all other parcels including agricultural parcels adjoining the service area right of way and any future lots that may be subdivided after the date of this amendment from parcel #18.

This amendment shall take effect on the <u>2nd</u> day of <u>December</u>, <u>2008</u>, the date of adoption by the Board of County Commissioners.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND

Roy W. Crow, President

Ronald H. Fithian, Member

William W. Pickrum, Member

ATTEST

Janice F. Fletcher

Executive Assistant

3.3.2.4 EDESVILLE SERVICE AREA

The County Commissioners own a water supply system in the Edesville area serving approximately 84 users. The system is operated by the Kent County Department of Water & Wastewater Services. The original water supply system has been abandoned.

In 2007, the county constructed a new 100,00 gallon elevated storage tank at Edesville Park and connected the water system to Rock Hall's water system on a permanent basis.

In December of 2007, it was decided to extend water and sewer lines along Lover's Lane to serve 11 lots which have been declared to have/had failing septic systems. Notwithstanding the policy on denied access lines in section I.9 of this plan, access will be granted only for parcels #22, #41, #136, #154, #21, #50, #51, #52, #53, #57, #100 and is denied to all other parcels including agricultural parcels adjoining the service area right of way and any future lots that may be subdivided after the date of this amendment from parcel #18.

The county is proposing to request a combination of grant/loan funding from Rural Development and/or MDE to pay for extension of both water and sewer lines.

4.2.2.4 EDESVILLE SERVICE AREA

The County Commissioners owned a wastewater treatment facility designed to serve approximately 225 users in the Edesville area. A small affordable income housing project, Edesville East, was recently added to the system. The system was operated by the Kent County Department of Water & Wastewater Services.

The system consists of a small diameter gravity collection system with pump stations and a land treatment system. Septic tanks are installed at each connection and serve as primary treatment. Clarified sewage effluent is collected and directed to a two cell lagoon for natural aeration. The effluent is chlorinated and discharged to a ridge and furrow land treatment area where the effluent is treated through continuous aeration, absorption, evapotranspiration and evaporation. Furrows and ridges will be grass and trees.

The system has a design capacity of 21,000 gpd.

The system's lagoons were leaking and an intermunicipal agreement was signed with the Town of Rock Hall to connect the system to the town system. The connection was designed and construction completed in 2007. The lagoons at the treatment facility were abandoned in 2007 and converted to waterfowl ponds.

In December of 2007 it was decided to extend water and sewer lines along Lover's Lane to serve 11 lots which have been declared to have/had failing septic systems. Notwithstanding the policy on denied access lines in section I.9 of this plan, access will be granted only for parcels #22, #41, #136, #154, #21, #50, #51, #52, #53, #57, #100 and is denied to all other parcels including agricultural parcels adjoining the service area right of way and any future lots that may be subdivided after the date of this amendment from parcel #18.

The county is proposing to request a combination of grant/loan funding from Rural Development and/or MDE to pay for extension of both water and sewer lines.

Kent County Planning Commission

TELEPHONE 410-778-7475

Kent County Government Center 400 High Street Chestertown, Maryland 21620

FACSIMILE 410-810-2932

November 17, 2008

Wayne Morris, Director Kent County Department of Water and Wastewater 709 Morgnec Road Chestertown, Maryland 21620

RE: Water and Sewer Plan Amendments Lover's Lane - Edesville

Dear Mr. Morris:

At its November 6, 2008 meeting, the Kent County Planning Commission reviewed for consistency with the Kent County Comprehensive Plan, the proposed Lover's Lane-Edesville amendment to the Kent County Water and Sewer Plan. After a lengthy discussion, the Planning Commission voted unanimously to issue a determination of consistency with the Comprehensive Plan. The Commission based its decision on the following:

- The County Commissioners propose to extend the existing water and sewer line further along Lover's Lane near Edesville. Soils in the area are generally very poorly drained and as a result of the poor soils, septic systems in the area have failed.
- The lots to be served are within the countryside but have been recognized by the Kent County Health Department as having failing septic systems.
- The extension of the line complies with the County's goal to correct failing septic systems.
- Properties to be served are clearly delineated on the map and are limited to one per parcel. The large farm south of Lover's Lane is not included in the service area.

We appreciate the opportunity to review the proposed Lover's Lane – Edesville amendment. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

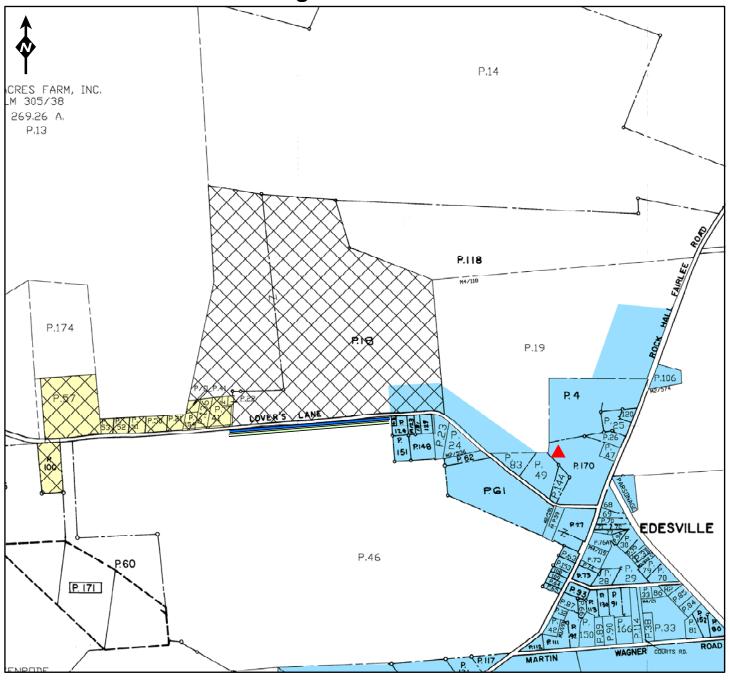
Sincerely,

The Kent County Planning Commission

Elizabeth H. Morris Chairman



Edesville Sewerage Service Area - Lover's Lane



Legend

Service Area

Existing

Planned

One connection per parcel served through the Lovers Lane Restricted Access Water and Sewer Lines.

▲ Watertower

Line

- Denied Access Sewer Main
- Denied Access Water Main

Restricted access has been or will be granted to serve only one dwelling on each of Parcels 100, 57, 53, 52, 51, 50, 21, 154, 136, 41, 22, and 18. No other parcels, including any additional lots that may be subdivided from these parcels, will be allowed to connect to these lines.

Source: Kent County Dept. of Planning & Zoning; MdProperty View 2007; Prepared July 2008, Revised August 2008, September 2008.

APPENDIX 4-G

Quaker Neck Amendment

RESOLUTION

AMENDMENT TO THE COMPREHENSIVE WATER AND SEWERAGE PLAN

QUAKER NECK SERVICE AREA

The County Commissioners of Kent County, Maryland hereby amend the Comprehensive Water and Sewerage Plan to include extension of the Quaker Neck Sewerage Collection System to serve a maximum of 12 lots in Prestwick Woods Subdivision (Lawrence & Associates Developers, LLC) on Parcels 19, 31, 145 & 146 of Tax Map 44 off of Lover's Lane located in the Seventh Election district, along with 15 existing homes located on Parcels 33, 36a, 59, 69, 105, 106, 109, 110, 147, 301, and Parcel 331, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 within the planned service area, and identified by the Kent County Health Department as having failing septic systems. This line is designated as a "denied access line" that may only serve each of the above lots with one (1) sewer allocation each. The town of Chestertown granted additional sewer allocations to accommodate this project. Currently this area is designated as a "planned service area" for sewer.

This amendment shall take effect on the 3rd day of February, 2009, the date of adoption by the Board of County Commissioners.

> THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND

. Crow, President Roy W

Ronald H. Fithian, Member

William W. Pickrum, Member

ATTEST

Janice F. Fletcher

Executive Assistant

4.5.3 QUAKER NECK

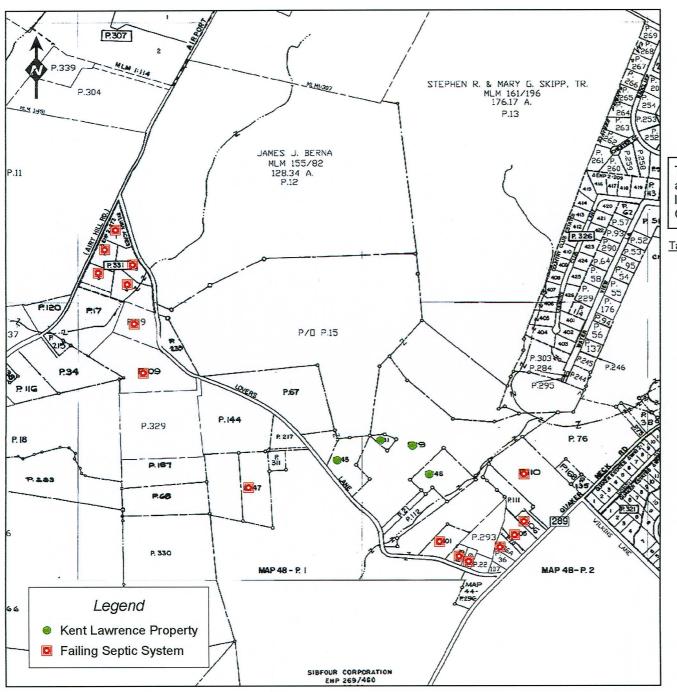
The Quaker Neck area has obtained some relief through sewage service provided by the Town of Chestertown. The town has provided some treatment capacity at its facility but not all residents have been served and there is continuing demand for growth.

The Kent County Department of Water & Wastewater Services operates and maintains the collection system serving the county area.

Recent discussions with the Town of Chestertown have permitted the county to proceed with a feasibility study to serve failing septic systems along Lover's Lane and also a proposed small residential project on Lover's Lane by expanding the Quaker Neck service area. Lawrence and Associates Developers, LLC previously proposed construction of a shared sanitary facility, manufactured by the Zenon Corporation, to serve a maximum of 12 lots in this subdivision on parcels 19, 31,145, & 146 of tax map 44 off of Lover's Lane located in the Seventh Election District, along with 16 existing homes located on parcels 33, 36a, 105, 110, 301, 59, 109, 147, and parcel 331, lots 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 within the planned service area, and identified by the Kent County Health Department as having failing septic systems. The properties will now be served by a proposed extension of the Quaker Neck sewerage collection system. This line is designated as a "denied access line" that may only serve each of the above lots with one (1) allocation each. The Town of Chestertown granted additional sewer allocation to accommodate this project. Currently this area is designated as "planned service" for water or sewer.

At the time of Chestertown's ENR upgrade to their wastewater treatment facility, the county also upgraded the pumping station located on John Hanson Road to comply with MDE requirements.

2005 Update Amended January 2009



Quaker Neck Sewerage Service Area

The new line will be declared a "denied access" line with only Kent Lawrence's 12 lots and the following properties allowed. One allocation per property is permitted.

Тах Мар	<u>Parcel</u>	Lot	<u>Address</u>
44	33		25498 Lovers Lane
44	36A		7420 Quaker Neck Rd
44	59		25181 Lovers Lane
44	69		25510 Lovers Lane
44	105		7426 Quaker Neck Rd
44	106		7468 Quaker Neck Rd
44	109		25195 Lovers Lane
44	110		7490 Quaker Neck Rd
44	147		25345 Lovers Lane
44	301		25478 Lovers Lane
44	331	1	7801 Airy Hill Road
44	331	2	7761 Airy Hill Road
44	331	3	7733 Airy Hill Road
44	331	4	25175 Lovers Lane
44	331	5	25165 Lovers Lane



Source: Kent County Dept. of Planning & Zoning; MdProperty View 2004; November 2004; Revised 3-05, 12-08



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

1800 Washington Boulevard • Baltimore MD 21230 410-537-3000 • 1-800-633-6101

Martin O'Malley Governor

Anthony G. Brown Lieutenant Governor Shari T. Wilson Secretary

Robert M. Summers, Ph.D. Deputy Secretary

MAR - 3 2009

The Honorable Roy W. Crow, President County Commissioners of Kent County 400 High Street Chestertown MD 21620

RECEIVED MAR 0 8 2009

Dear Mr. Crow:

The Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) has completed its review of an amendment to the 2005 Kent County Water and Sewerage Plan. One amendment expands the Edesville water and sewer service areas to provide residents with drinking water and eliminate failing septic systems located 0.5 miles along Lover's Lane. During MDE's review of the amendment, no adverse comments were received. The Edesville amendment is approved.

Please be advised that the 2008 County Plan was due in this office by June 14, 2008. Also, be advised that COMAR requires that the County provide a copy of your draft 2008 Plan to MDE, prior to adoption. This action will insure that MDE's comments can be incorporated, as appropriate, into the County's final Plan. MDE is aware of your efforts to complete a draft Plan later this year.

This action completes our review, as required by Section 9-507 of the Environment Article, Annotated Code of Maryland. If you need further assistance, please call Virginia F. Kearney, Deputy Director at 410-537-3512, toll-free at 800-633-6101 or by e-mail at vkearney@mde.state.md.us.

Sincerely,

Virginia F. Kearney/for Jay G. Sakai, Director

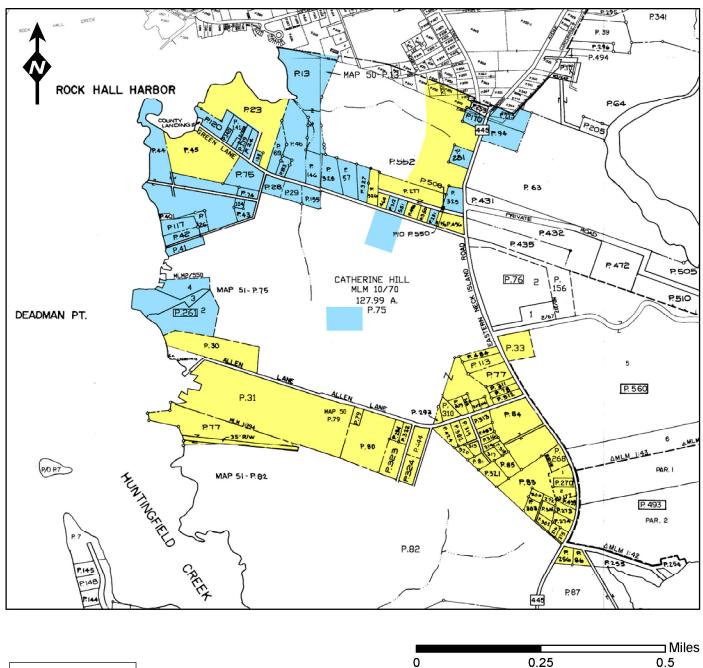
Water Management Administration

cc: James M. Wright, Jr., P.E., Kent County Engineer Wayne L. Morris, Director, Kent County Department of Water and Wastewater Gail Webb Owings, Director, Kent County Department of Planning John Beskid, Director, Environmental Programs, Kent County Health Department La Verne Gray, Maryland Department of Planning Virginia F. Kearney, Deputy Director

APPENDIX 4-H

Green Lane and Allen's Lane Detail

Green Lane & Allen's Lane Sewerage Service Area





Source: Kent County Dept. of Planning & Zoning; MdProperty View 2004; November 2004

Map revised in August 2006, base map from MdProperty View 2006

- * The proposed force main shall be designated restrictive access;
- * Existing residential lots with failing septic systems as identified and documented by the Kent County Environmental Health Department shall be allowed to connect to the new sewer system;
- * Unimproved lots of record existing as of September 2006 that could meet the requirements for private well and septic systems shall be allowed to connect to the new sewer system; and
- * No further subdivision of any lots in the service area shall be allowed.

APPENDIX 4-I

Chesterville Forrest Ammendment

RESOLUTION

AMENDMENT TO THE COMPREHENSIVE WATER AND SEWERAGE PLAN

Creation of Chesterville Sewerage Service Area

The County Commissioners of Kent County, Maryland hereby amend the Comprehensive Water and Sewerage Plan to include addition of the Chesterville Sewerage Service Area which includes construction of a low pressure grinder pump system to serve the properties along Chesterville Forest Road, which are within a "priority funding area". This project was originally approved on February 26, 2008 but was unable to continue due to unavailability of land for on site treatment and disposal. The new proposal has a low pressure force main traversing along MD 291 and intersecting with an existing force main along Edge Road. The existing line already connects to the Millington treatment plant and the county has enough excess capacity under the agreement with the town of Millington to include these properties. Four (4) properties between Chesterville Forest Road and the connection on Edge Road have been identified by the Kent County Health Department as having failing septic systems; Tax Map 31, Parcel, #18, #76, #122, and #151. The sewerage collection system from the intersection of Chesterville Forest Road and MD 291 to the connection point along Edge Road will be declared a denied access line in accordance with the county's policy.

This amendment shall take effect on the 5^{th} day of May, 2009, the date of adoption by the Board of County Commissioners.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND

Roy W. Crow, President

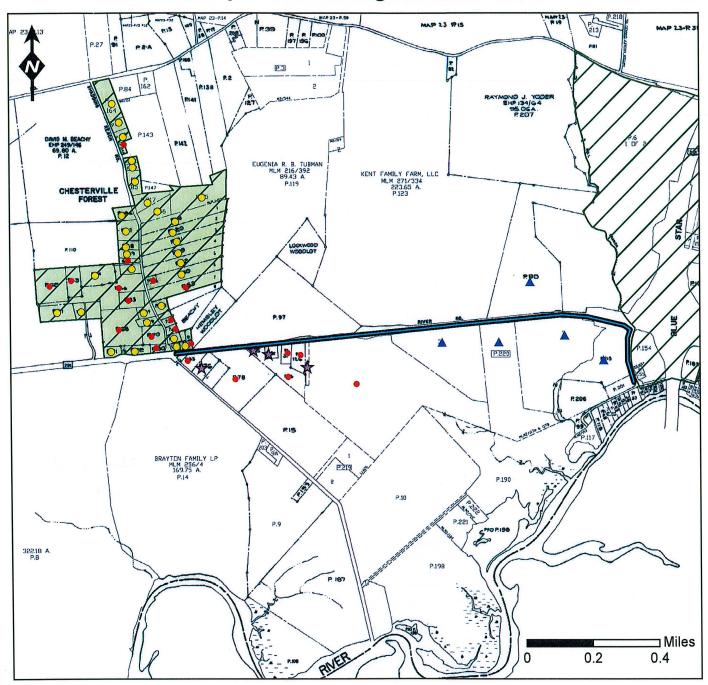
Ronald H. Fithian, Member

William W. Pickrum, Member

ATTEST:

Janice Fletcher, Executive Assistant

Chesterville Forest Proposed Sewerage Service Area



Legend

- Failing System in PFA
- ★ Failing System outside PFA
- Unimproved Property
- ▲ Improved, Not Failing
- Proposed Sewer Service Area
- Priority Funding Area
- Denied Access Force Main

★ Property with failing Sewerage Disposal System on Denied Access Force Main:

Tax Map 31, Parcel 76

Tax Map 31, Parcel 122

Tax Map 31, Parcel 151

Tax Map 31, Parcel 18

Source: Kent County Dept. of Planning, Housing & Zoning; MdProperty View 2008; 12-07; 10-08; 3-09; 4-09